KIDNEY AND BLADDER TROUBLES PROMPTLY CURED

A Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, tulfills every wish in promptly curing kidney, bladder and ure-acid
troubles, rheumatism and pain in the back.
It corrects inability to hold water and
scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects
following use of liquor, wine or beer, and
overcomes that unpleasant necessity of
being compelled to go often during the
day and to get up many times during the
day and to get up many times during the
hight. The mild and the extraordinary
effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It
stands the highest for its wonderful cures
of the most distressing cases.

stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything, but if you have kidney, liver, bladder or uris-acid trouble you will find it just the remedy you need.

If you need it medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle of this great kidney remedy. Swamp-Root, and a book that tells all about it and its great cures, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Einghamton, N. Y. When writing be sure to mention that you read this generous offer in The St. Louis builty Republic. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name. Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, linghammon, N. Y., on every bottle.

PEOPLE'S BANK DIRECTORS TO FIGHT RECEIVERSHIP IN CLAYTON COURT TO-DAY.

Continued From Page One.

not have been made by any banker, but these mistakes do not excuse others for wrong-loing in dealing with him. The recelvership proposition was doubtless contemplated for several days. This became clear when the receiver was ready with his bend immediately upon his appointment. This could not have been accomplished impromptu."

CHARGES SWANGER WASTED \$100,000 OF BANK'S ASSETS.

W. Frank Carter, a prominent attorney. who was recently elected director of the People's United States Bank, last night declared that Secretary of State Swanger had violated promises made to the directors of the bank, and that through his unbus nesslike methods had wasted over

"I am unable to account for the actions of Mr. Swanger," said Mr. Carter, "He misrepresented matters to me without cause or provocation. Last Saturday at noon he came to my office, 'purely on a social visit,' to use the language of Mr. Swanger, He sald that he was en route to his home in Jefferson City from down on the James River, where he had been fish-

"He ramained at my office for about an hour, and before departing asked me what steps I thought the authorities at Washington would take in the Lewis bank matter, and I told him that I had received information from a certain Congressman that the matter would be satisfactorily adjusted. He declared that he could not nerce with me, but said that if Lewis was removed from the position of president of the institution and if the two notes amounting to \$820,000 were removed, the matter, he believed, would be settled all right. He declared, however, that he had not Lewis enterprises, Judge Spencer said that received an inkling of what action would

Or leaving my office he promised to we me Sunday, and also assured me that Company, secured by its assets, were to the event of a fraud order being issued he would consult the directors of the bank before appointing a receiver.

the Southern Hotel, but was told that the cipal loans approximate \$35,000.

cipal loans approximate \$35,600.

In the official statement by State Bank Examiner Cook of the assets and liabilities of the Feedback is given at \$2,45,000. If no more than 15 per cent may be paid to stockholders the loss to the latter will be \$98,754. Officials of the bank say that but for the appointment of the bank say that but States Fidelity and Laposit Company, Besides the petition asking for a receiver. they presented an exhibit composed of twenty-five typewritten pages. his alone is enough to lead me to be-

heve that they were together the greater part of Saturday and Sunday in preparing the exhibit I have not seen Mr. Swanger since, and he failed to communicate with any of the directors, as he promised to do. The statutes of the State provide for the Secretary of State appointing a special agent, when a bank is to be liquidated, at a salary of \$2,000 a year. The agent is placed in charge of the bank instead of a eceiver, but he cannot remain in charge onger than sixty days. If Mr. Swanger had done this, which is some and not at all unreasonable, he would have saved at least stilless, which could have been used in straightening the affairs of the institution. The directors of the bank have been placed in an embarranding light, and when

we were appointed directors Mr. Swanger primised us his full en-operation and expressed his satisfaction at our appointkept his promites we, of course, would never have served. I believe that the bank will pay off dollar for dollar, and accetiling to an examination made by the Distance.

SAYS DIRECTORS EXPECTED TO "GET A SQUARE DEAL."

· Theodore F. Meyer, who was elected director of the People's United States Bank most a month ago, in discussing the condilions existing just now, last night said: "The directors of the bank were treated very unfairly by Secretary of State Swan-When we met in his room at the othern Hotel to Fave him approve us as directors, he expressed his gratification, and promised as his co-operation. He declass d that he believed that matters of the pank would be straightened up in the best way and the shortest time possible.

He promised us that in the event of a fraud order being bested he would consult tis before taking any action. We have been placed in a very had light by the section taken by the Secretary of State. When we became directors he promised us ample time to settle up the bank matters properly, or, to use the language of Governor Stephens, 'we would get a square

Before he applied for the receiver he should have consulted the directors of the bank as he promised to do. I am posttive that the lank will pay off dollar for dollar, and it is to be regretted that such a fate has befallen Mr. Lewis."

STOCKHOLDERS MAY RECOVER **75 PER CENT SAYS RECEIVER**

Judge Seldon P. Spencer, receiver for the Poonle's Rank and State Examiner Cook both stated vesterday that the cash assets of the bank at the present time are suffi-cient to pay off all of its depositors in ful-and that within sixty days enough of its assets could be converted into cash to

ELKS' GRAND LODGE MAKES BROWN THE EXALTED RULER

Elections for All Offices Marked by Only One Contest Worthy of Note, Doctor Haviland Beating Opponents for Grand Trustee -Annual Secret Meeting Is Held-Reports of Officers Show the Order to Be Flourishing, Both in Membership and Finances

MORE THAN TWELVE HUNDRED DELEGATES ARE PRESENT.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 11.-The following Grand Lodge officers were elected at the nnual reunion of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks to-day: Grand exalted ruler, Robert W. Brown

Louisville, Ky. Grand esteemed leading knight, C. F. Tomlinson, Winsten, N. C. Grand esteemed loyal knight, Charles W. Kauffman, Hoboken, N. J. Grand esteemed lecturing knight, Edward McLaughlin, Boston Grand secretary, Fred C. Robinson, Du-

sugue, Ia. Grand treasurer, John K. Tener, Charleroi. Pa.

Grand trustee (long term), John D. O'Shea, Lynn, Mass.
Grand trustee (thort term), Doctor W. Haviland, Butte, Mont.
All but Mr. Kauffman and Doctor Haviland were elected by acclamation.
All opposition to Mr. O'Shea was withdrawn before the convention opened. The only contest worthy of note was that for the office of short-term trustee. Cal L. Kingsley of Waterloo, Ia., and Mayor Charles C. Schmbit of Wheeling, W. Va., opposed Doctor Haviland.
The grand lodge session opened in the Teck Theater at II o'clock in the morning. There were 1.29! delegates present.
The Reverend Walter Davenport Ruckser, grand chaplain, delivered the invocation. Singing by a male chorus followed.
Exalted Ruler W. H. Tickner of Buffale Lodge then introduced Julius Mayer, Attorney General of New York. He represented Governor Hargins, who was unable to be present. Mayor Knight delivered an address of welcome on behalf of the Euffale Eiks.
After the Committee on Credentials had completed its work Grand Exalted Ruler O'Brien made his annual report.
The report of Grand Secretary Fred C. Rebinson contained the following:
The success of the last year has ex-

pend upon the realization of assets of the

ly convert into cash about \$1.50,000 of the Inspector Fulton is consulted several time bank's assets," said Judge Spencer, "which nount would be substantially enough to hands for segregation. pay all of its depositors in full and 50 per cent dividends to the stockholders. This is According to the Inspector, a letter or virtually cash now on hand, and any payments to stockholders in addition will de-

In any event, Judge Spencer said, the fullest amount it would be possible for the bank to pay to stockholders under the receivership would be 75 per cent. Regarding the character of the loan se curities held by the bank from the several the two big loans, part to the Lewis Publishing Company, secured by its assets, and part to the University Heights Realty

dollar for dollar is concerned. The loans to the Lewis Publishing Com-About 6 o'clock in the evening I read pany, he said, as evidenced by the notes, the dispatch from Washington saying that require payments in monthly installments a frami order would likely be issued and may not be foreclosed at once except against the People's United States Bank. on fallure to pay. The notes from the and I then realized the significance of University Heights Realty Company are Swammer's visit to my office. I telephoned not due until October 1. These two prin-

somewhat problematic, so far as paying

Judge Spencer and Mr. Cook spent the afternoon yesterday downtown among banks which are depositories of the funds of the People's Bank. The receiver said that the purpose of his visit to the banks was to leave his signature and also to check up with each bank, independent of the records and accounts of the People's Bank. So far, he said, the accounts of the several banks tallied exactly with those of the People's Bank.

Mr. Lewis yesterday turned over to the stream promp

Mr. Lewis yesterday turned over to the Mr. Lewis yesterday turned over to the receiver several letters addressed to the Woman's Magazine which related to the business of the bank. Judge Spencer said that wherever such letters contained money from depositors it would be returned to the sender. Stock payments, however, he said, would be set aside as a hewever, he sail, would be set aside as a trust fund and would not be mixed with the other assets of the bank.

The receiver said that, so far, there had been no run of depositors to withdraw their accounts, although there had been many requests from stockholders to withdraw their subscriptions. Judge Spencer said that this could not be done at present the said that this could not be done at present the said that the said that this could not be done at present the said that the said the said that the said the said that the said the said that the said the said that the s

sain that this could not be done at pres-ent, however, as he was not authorized to pay stockholders.

It was explained vesterday that under the operation of the fraud order issued against the People's Bank outgoing mail from that institution was not debarred from the privileges of the mail.

ment. Had we known he would never had SPENCER'S BOND INCREASED: ORDERED TO PAY DEPOSITORS

Judge Selden P. Spencer, receiver for the People's United States Bank, was yesdirectors Monday 5t cents can be paid on terday authorized by Judge McElhinney every dollar the way matters stand at | in the Clayton Circuit Court to pay out deposits in the bank to depositors on their checks.

Judge Spencer was also ordered to give an additional bond in the sum of \$750,000, making the total \$1,000,000

State Senator A. E. L. Gardner and Judge George W. Wolff of Clayton have been retained as attorneys for the receiver. The writ of summons issued upon the application of the Attorney General when the receiver was appointed was issued by the Circuit Clerk yesternay to the Sheriff for service upon the officers of the bank. It is made returnable to the September term of the Clayton court. This writ will be served to-day and will be the first official received. cial notice in the regular manner reby the bank officials of the court's action

NO CRIMINAL ACTION BY GOVERNMENT LIKELY.

The question of criminal prosecution in connection with the People's United States Bank has not reached him in any form. said Mr. Hoyt, the Solicitor General and Acting Attorney General, at Washington. vesterony, according to a special dispatch to The Republic.

It has not been called to his attention by the Postmaster General. Neither has be heard from District Attorney D. P. Dyer about it, nor has he addressed Mr. Dyer Lightning Prostrates St. Louis

Every indication is that the case will be dropped by the Federal authorities as it stands. There will be no prosecution un-dertaken by the Government. No action was taken restorday bearing on the rights of the Lewis publication to second-class mail-matter privileges.

CNLY BANK'S MAIL

pay its stockholders to per cent.

Under Spencer also believes that eventy—
ally the bank will be enabled to pay 75
per cent of subscriptions to the stockhold—
withheld from delivery. In order to ac-Within sixty days we could undoubted I complish the purpose of the order Chief right side of his face.

ceeded all expectations and has been most gratifying. Fifty-three new lodges have been added to the long list, and there lodges already in existence have been strengthened by large accessions in membership. We have made an increase of 2.88 in membership, giving us to-day 58 lodges and a total membership of 200,000. "With quantity" of membership is combined quality. The increase in the last year is the result of harmony throughout our large domain. Last year there were six lodges, with a membership of more than 1,000; now we have seven such lodges. Louisville dropped below the 1,000 mark, while Cincinnati and Spokane were added to the list. "Tre numerical strength of the seven lodges is: Brooklyn, No. 22, 2,669; New York, 1, 1,60; Detroit, No. 34, 1,185; Phila-delphia, No. 2, 1,184; Chicago, No. 4, 1,078, Spokane, No. 23, 1,693; Cincinnati, No. 5,

daily, and the hundreds of letters which reach the Post Office are placed in his

other article of mail addressed to Lewis as editor of the Woman's Magazine, or as as editor of the Woman's Magazine, or as an officer of the Lewis Publishing Company, the University Heights Realty Company, or the several other concerns with which he is connected apart from the bank, will be promptly delivered, unless it is learned that such superscription is being employed to evade the order. Several hundred letters and packages addressed to the People's United States Bank and Mr. Lewis reached the Post Office yesterday. They were segregated by Inspector Fulton and those which were orthought to belong to the bank were or-

by inspector Fulton and those which were thought to belong to the bank were ordered to be stamped "fraudulent" and returned to the senders.

Judge Spencer, receiver for the bank, conferred with inspector Fulton yesterday. Mail directed to Judge Spencer as receiver will be forwarded to him. Inspector Fulton has requested lades Spencer. receiver will be forwarded to him. In-spector Fulton has requested Judge Spen-cer to inclose in all communications to depositors, creditors and correspondents of the bank, a printed form advising that mail intended for the institution bear his name on the envelope as a condition of delivery.

MISSISSIPPI BOATS IN OLD STYLE RACE

Mark Twain Days" on the River Recalled by Competition Retween Spencer and Prov-

idence.

As a result of competition between the steamers Corwin H. Spencer and City of Providence, to see which should first reach Alton yesterday, in order to obtain the majority of passengers to the Plasa Chautauqua, a race took place between the boats, the Spencer winning by about

Leaving their respective wharfboats on the Levee, the Spencer had an advantage of two minutes as it swung out into the stream promptly at 19 o'clock. The City of Providence drew away from its boat two minutes later and set off in pursuit of its rivel

of its rival.

Regardless of the lead secured by the Spencer, the Providence had drawn abreast at the Merchants' bridge. Then commenced a competition which recalled the old days on the river.

Captains Brolaski and Thorwegen instantly sent down orders for the engineers and firemen to work their hardest, and the two boats had a hard battle for the next ten miles, the Corwin H. Spencer gradually drawing ahead and reaching the Alton landing by a scant five minutes of advantage.

the Alton landing by a scant five minutes of advantage.

On account of the number of travellers who depart from Alton for the Chautaiqua, the first boot at the landing has an immense advantage in securing traffic. There was great excitement on the Alton Levec, and the crowd swarmed on the Spencer as it drew abreust of the landing. As the Spencer drew away from the wharf its bow jack staff struck the stern lifeboat of the Providence and knocked it into the water. Captain Thorwegen ordered the heat cut away and the steamer pulled out after a delay of about five minutes.

Thirty buseengers, who wished to board the Spencer but were unable to do as, were sent to the Chautaiqua by rail. Agent A. M. Sauvage had worked hard to secure trade for the boat and he forwarded the travelers to their destination at the expense of his company.

WILL PROSECUTE RAILWAYS FOR GRANTING OF REBATES.

Be for Contempt for Violation of Judge Philips's Injunction.

Chicago, July II.-Plans for the prosecuon of railroads for the granting of rebates to large industrial companies, in violation of the Elkins law and of infunctions issued by the Federal courts here and in Kansas City, have been completed, and the first steps in the attack Assistant Atterney General M. D. Pur-ly, who has charge of the prosecution of the railroads in the rebate matter, de-sarted from here to-night for Kansas 'ltv.

Before departing he announced that the first proceedings would be charges of con-tempt of court for violation of the injunc-tion of Judge Philips of Kansas City.

HUSBAND AND WIFE STRUCK

Couple on Pike's Peak. Colorado Springs Colo. July 11. Stunned and scarred by a bolt of lightning on the summit of Pike's Peak, W. D. Wilholte, a shoe merchant of St. Louis, is confined to his room at the Antiers Hotel in this city, suffering from nervous shock, and his wife is nursing a scar she re-

IS BEING WITHHELD.

In the application of the order against the People's United States Bank, only mail addressed to E. G. Lewis in person, or to him as an officer of the bank, is withheld from delivery. In order to accomplish the purpose of the agree Chief received is on the rocks.

The scar Wilholde received is on the complish the purpose of the agree Chief received is on the scar Wilholde received is on the scar Wilholde received is on the scar wilholde received in the scar wilholde received is on the scar wilholde received in the scar wilholder received from the same flash.

The strange part of it is that the light-integration will be scar wil

"UNCOVER ALL CULPRITS," SAYS ROOSEVELT TO HOYT

Solicitor General of the United Cheatham Asserts Holmes States Takes Up Inquiry Into Cotton Leaks.

WANT VIGOROUS PROSECUTION

President Dissatisfied With Course Pursued by Secretary Wilson and Aims at Thorough Overhauling of Department.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL Washington, July 11 .- "Go to the bottom. Find out all the facts and uncover all the ulprits. Then let the facts be known and the culprits be prosecuted."

These are, in effect, the instructions under which a new investigation of the Eureau of Statistics of the Agriculture Department, with its attendant scandals over the sale of advance information as to cotton, corn, wheat and tobacco, was begun

The instructions were given by President Roosevelt to Henry M. Hoyt, Solicitor General of the United States and Acting Attorney General.

The orders issued by the President, of which the spirit is given above, bear a striking similarity with those given by him to former Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow, when he instructed him to make an investigation of the Post-Office Department. THOROUGH OVERHAULING.

It is understood that the President desires a complete overhauling of the Bureau of Statistics. He is not pleased with the action of Secretary Wilson in suspending Holmes, in the first instance "at his own request" and in the second instance in dismissing him from the department after getting the opinion of District Attorney Beach, on partial evidence, that on the testimony presented a prosecution would

not lie.
The President would have been much better satisfied if, as soon as he became reasonably convinced of Holmes's guilt, the Secretary had promptly had him arrested on any one of several charges, which could have been maintained under the United States statutes, and bound over for the Federal Grand Jury.

The patent facts surrounding the situation—that Holmes could not maintain his innocence; that he had been utilizing crop creates helectorists and continuously.

imnocence; that he had been utilizing crop reports notoriously and continuously 10: more than two years for personal gain; that he had been altering figures to suit the wishes of bearish or bullish operators and throwing discredit, not only on the Bureau of Statistics in the Department of Agriculture, but the entire administration—these facts were sufficient to convince President Roosevelt that more extreme measure should have been taken.

Agriculture, but the entire administration—these facts were sufficient to convince President Reosevelt that more extreme measurs should have been taken.

CONFIDENCE SHAKEN.

Added to this was Secretary Wilson's evident intention, in deflance of public feciling throughout the country, to hush up the scandal, to retain John Hyde, the chief statistician, and have no further investigation of the bureau. All this shook the condidence of the President. Impressed with the reports that there was more back of the crop scandal than appeared on the surface, the President decided that the Department of Justice should "go to the bottom."

In consequence of this decision of the President. Secretary Wilson transmitted

the bottom."

In consequence of this decision of the President, Secretary Wilson transmitted to the Department of Justice this morning what he said was every scrap of evidence in the possession of the Agricultural Department bearing upon this great scandal. He handed to Mr. Hoyt much more information than he gave to the public in his own famous statement of last Saturday.

The statement of Saturday contained merely those things that the Secretary desired the public to know. The batch of papers which he gave to Mr. Hoyt contained a great deal more than this.

One of the things that is expected to happen very soon is the retirement, temporarily at least, at his own request, of Hyde, chief of the bureau of statistics. It is the habit in the Agricultural Department to have men suspend themselves or to be relieved of duty at their own request. It is admitted even at the department that it will be manifestly inclicate for Mr. Hyde to remain in charge of the Bureau of Statistics while the integrity of his entire bureau is being investigated by outside agents under the orders of the outside agents under the orders of the President of the United States.

GRAND JURY. At the same time the department insists that there is nothing against Mr. Hyde. | Carthage Chautauqua. There is also a strong belief that if the cotton leak is taken before the Grand | favor the admission of Arizona and Jury many additional facts will be | New Mexico however."

Jury many additional facts will be brought out which the Secret-Service agents have uncovered, but could not substantiate sufficiently to declare openly in their report to Secretary Wilson.

Since Oyster Bay began to take an interest in the Agricultural Department irregularities, Secretary Wilson realizes that he is in a very awkward position himself. President Roosevelt is noted for standing by his friends. At the same time, the reversal of the Secretary's policy by the President is a hard blow.

Things in the Agricultural Department are in a dismal mobile. Even Secretary Wilson is beginning to believe some of the reports which he has been steadily laughing down for years. Two or three days ago he was convinced that the only "leaks" had been those of cotton reports by Holmes to Van Riper. Now he is not certain but there have also been leaks of information as to the corn and wheat crops. He is not certain that there has not been manipulation of every crop report of a speculative nature for to certain the total country of these years, and perhaps more.

TOBACCO ESTIMATES. TOBACCO ESTIMATES.

Formal charges have been made to the department that there has been jugglery with reference to some of the tobacco estimates for June. Letters making complaint that these estimates are entirely too high and are put forth for the purpose of bearing the price of tobacco in the interest of the Tobacco Trust have been made by the Tobacco Trust have been made by the Tobacco Growers Association of Kentucky and Tennessee.

The loudest complaint in conjunction with the June report comes from the Claresville and Hopkinsville district, where the Regie, or dark, tobacco, is grown. The June report of the department said that, although in some sections planters are said to have organized to reduce acreage on account of lower prices, yet for the district as a whole a substantial increase is now indicated, the outlook being 20 per cent.

The tobacco growers assert that this 20 per cent is grossly unfair and excessive.

Officials of the Agricultural Department today admitted that they were not very sure of their digures as to Kontucky tobacco. They say that the department's report might be correct or it might be incorrect. high and are put forth for the purpose

incorrect.

In the crop report issued to-day, the paragraph as to tobacco does not bear out the increase in acreage made last June. It says the acreage in the whole country is \$4.00 less than last year, a falling of 67 per cent. The condition, however, in \$7.4, as against \$5.3 last year.

ARRIVES WITH CRUSHED FOOT. Laborer on Railroad Construction

Taken to Hospital.

Martin Chancy, 45 years old, a widower the lives in and out of the city as his work permits, was taken to the City Hospital last night by Patrolman Schmolin ski of the Union Station squad, where he will be treated for an injured right foot. will be treated for an injured right foot.

Chancy came to St. Louis on a Burlington train and asked for assistance from Policeman Schmolinski. The latter called an ambulance and accompanied the injured man to the hospital

Chancy says he was at work yesterday at the "Burlington cut-off," eighty-sepen miles from St. Louis, when a beam fell upon his right foot, crusning it. He was placed upon a train and sent here.

Low W. Harper Returns. Lew W. Harper, clerk at the Southern Hotel, returned yesterday afternoon from his vacation trip. He was some several necks. He visited Chicago, Petoskey and Mackinac Island.

MILLIONS LOST TO THE SOUTH.

Was Made Scapegoat to Pro-

tect Others Higher Up.

Secretary Southern Cotton Association Declares Crooked Manipulation of Government Reports Has Been Costly to Producers.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

Atlanta, Ga., July 11.-While Richard Cheatham, secretary of the Southern Cotton Association, still refuses to make publie his report on the Government crop-report leakage in the absence of the president, Harvie Jordan, it was learned today that Mr. Cheatham will probably make some interesting recom regarding other officials of the United States Department of Asriculture.

Mr. Jordan will be here to-morrow, and after a conference with Secretary Chestham it will be determined whether the association will further press the investiga-

Mr. Cheatham does not hesitate to ray that in his opinion there could have been no leakage without the knowledge of other officials of the department than Holmes: that Holmes was made a scapegoat for officials higher up, and he further says that, in his opinion, Chief Statistician liyde is either implicated in the lenkage or he is incompetent.

LOSS TO SOUTH.

Talking further of the situation to-day. cretary Cheatham said: "To my certain knowledge, not only has there been a leakage in the report for several years, but manipulation has also occurred. Millions and millions of dollars have been lost to the South and the entire country to go into the pockets of a few gamblers. When the figures are manipulated and given out beforehand the loss is incurred by the producer, the consumer and the legitimate speculator

"if things should become too hot Secre-tary Wilson himself would be forced to resign. Statistician Hyde is either a knave or a fool. In any case he is incom-petent to fill the position he holds. If he is dishonest he should be removed, and if it is, as he says, that he knew nothing of the affair, he should be bounced for in-connected.

SHIELDING OFFENDERS. "I am dissatisfied with the entire investi gation. The whole affair is uphill work and not only was no effort made to get

"STATEHOOD OR BUST" IS SLOGAN OF TERRITORIES.

Continued From Page One.

SAYS STATEHOOD BILL WOULD PASS CONGRESS.

· REPUBLIC SPECIAL

Joplin, Mo., July 11.-"The single statehood bill admitting Oklahoma . and Indian Territories as present-. ed last winter would now pass Con-· gress according to a poll of the · Senate and House of Representa-• tives just completed by statehood • . workers of the twin Territories," said Governor Ferguson of Oklahoma, who is here from Guthrie to · speak to-merrow night at the

"The sentiment of the poll did not Governor Ferguson now confident-♦ ly expects the admission of Okla- ♦ • homa and Irdian Territory next •

. December. E+++++++++++ allowed the simple opportunity of opening their lands to the whites. OF GREAT COMMERCIAL

IMPORTANCE TO ST. LOUIS. There is a demand here that the cities chiefly interested in the opening of the new State should lend their aid to the present efforts to secure statehood. There is really no extravagance in the There is really no extravagance in the statement that the question of statehood is of as much commercial importance to St. Louis as any subject that has been presented to the business interests of the metropolis in recent years.

Some notion of the carnestness sad importance of this gathering may be gained from the simple fact that all of \$600 atmospheres have already come to fown to

strangers have already come to town to enter their energetic demand for a State 1 and (a) Americans now in the two Territories are subject almost absolt to department ruling at Washington.

FILLY 6,000 VISITORS ARE IN OKLAHOMA CITY. To-night fully 6,000 visitors are in Ohia homa City to attend the convention to-

merrow, and they are still coming. About one-half the delegations have reached the city. The delegations from near-by counties and recording districts will arrive on the late trains to-night and in the morning. The delegations of Indians from the

Cange Nation arrived to-night, wearing a hend dress made up of eagle plumes in turbans, fashioned from bandana handker. chiefs.

Aside from this imposing crowd, most of whom are Territory notables, Okiahoma is expecting Senators Hailey, Long. Heveridge and Knute Nelson.

General John W. Noble of St. Louis and Senator Bailey of Texas are already becomes

DENOCRAT AND REPUBLICAN WILL SPLIT CHAIRMANSHIPS.

At a norpartisan caucus in the parior of the Threadgill Hotel, concluded at 11 clock, it was resolved that the tempora ry chairmanship be given to an Oklahoma. Democrat, and the permanent chairmanship to an indian Territory Republican. The nominations are to be made in convention to merrow morning, each delegate to be allowed two votes on the nominations, one a Democrat and one a Republicans.

ST. LOUIS YOUTH THINKS HE IS HEIR TO ESTATE.

Edward Fourier of 80% Market Street Writes to Mayor of Montgomery, Ala., Concerning Property. REPUBLIC SPECIAL

Montgomery, Ala., July 11.- Edward Fowler of No. 808 Market street, St. Louis, has written to Mayor Carr that he believes he is the man sought by local authorities as the heir to a large estate in the country. He says that "in the early spring or early fall of 1884 he was found wrapped in a shawl and placed in a basket with a card tied to it stating that his name was Edward Fowler."

The Fowlers are leading people of the fact.

I MAKE THE BLIND SEE \$1.00 A PAIR Se Charge for Testing.
Experts, all of whom are physicians, examine your eyes thoroughly. Our oculist treats your syes if they need treatment, and opticians grand the lenses for your individual eyes and place them in perfect-fitting frames.

PAPERS AND RECORDS NOT PRODUCED AT OIL HEARING.

G. MORITZ, M. D. Sevilat and

Two pariors: S. E. Cor. 7th and Locust, 612 Franklin Ave.

Continued From Page One.

the national and other indipendent comm nies. Half a dozen, it developed, had certain territory alloted to them in which no The witness denied that there was any written or printed agreement with respect to territory. A business card and a letter

ead, however, showed he said what ter-

ritory the National Oil Company controlled Mr. Hagerman wanted to show that the National Refining Company of Cleveland owned the majority stock of the National Oil Company and other smaller concerns already mentioned, but the court sustained an objection to this because those

companies were not on trial. A STANDARD OIL BRANCH" "I never looked at the Republic as anyhing except a Standard Oil branch," said Mr. Gardner. "We look on the Republic the same as the Standard, or worse, because it is sent out to worry us."

W. N. Davis of the Keystone Oil Company of Kansas City was the next witness. He was once agent for the Interstate Oil Company, which succeeded the George P. Jones Oll Company of St. Louis. The Interstate, he said, sold oil wherever it could. The Keystone does the same. It has refineries in West Virginia, Pennsylvania, Ohio and other Eastern

States. COMPETES WITH STANDARD. In Missouri it competes with the Standard and the Waters-Pierce Oil companies, but never had found both companies in

the same territory. Mr. Davis was Kansas City agent for the Consolidated Tank Line Company several years ago, a company which, he said, he and everyone believed to be the mme s the Standard.

orresponded with Standard officials at 26 Broadway, New York, and received adrice from them as to certain oils. He knew Silas H. Payne, Frank Rockefeller and Alexander McDonald. Anything they suggested was done. Every question on the points was ob-

He reported to officers in Cincinnati, but

jected to by the defense and the objections were overruled. At I o'clock the hearing adjourned to meet again at 3 o'clock.
INFORMATION FROM RAILWAYS. When the hearing was resumed at 3 clock, Mr. Davis, who was testifying.

"While you were with this company what methods were used to secure informatten in regard to the business done by competitors of your company?" "The receiving clerks of railroads fur-

was asked by Mr. Hadley:

nished us with names of dealers to whom our competitors were making shipments," said Mr. Davis. "We also had a young man whose duty it was to go to the different freight houses and find what shipments were there."

"What use was made of this informs tion?" Mr. Hadley asked. "We kept a record of it." was the reply. "and sent it to the agent in the district Our agent was instructed to see the man to whom the shipment was made and get

his business. "The agent was empowered to make the price as low as necessary to get the business. If possible, we got the dealer to return the oil ordered from our competi-

tor and take ours." ASKED FOR INFORMATION. "You say," said Mr. Hadley, "that you got information from the railroad employes. How did you get it?" "Asked for it," was the reply.

"Did you pay for it?" This was objected to and the was sustained. Mr. Davis said he received his orders from Cincinnati, but that it was generally recognized that the headquarters were at No. 25 Broadway, the Rockefeller offices

in New York. Mr. Davis said he had been at No. 26 Broadway. "What offices are at No. 3 Broadway

Mr. Hadley asked. "I can't name the different companies," said Mr. Davis. "I understood that all the Standard Off interests were there." Juige Johnson entered as an objection that all the evidence introduced by Mr. Hadley pertained to acts of the old Waters Pierce Oil Company, which was organized in 1878. Judge Johnson said this company went out of existence in 1996 and

Mr. Hadley said that he recognized only one Waters Pierce Company. TO ARGUE ABOUT RECORDS.

a new Waters Pierce Company was organ-

The hearing was adjourned at 5 o'clock until 11 o'clock to-morrow morning. At the section to-morrow morning Commissioner Anthony will listen to arguments for and against Mr. Hadley's demand that certain books and papers be produced by the defendants.

Most of the time this afternoon was consumed by the attorneys in objections and

arguments.
At one time Attorney Frank Hagerman, attorney for the Standard Oil Company, said that Mr. Hadley was "playing to the gallery." Mr. Hadley objected to the statement, saying that he had endured it while the hearing was being conducted in St. Louis, but that the accusation should not be brought against him in his home.

Judge Priest then declared that the State was introducing testimony that was an "appeal to the ignorant prejudice of the populace."



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Bremen, July 10.—Arrived: St. over, Enitimore: 11th, 6 p. m., 16 der Grosse, New York, via P. Cherloura

ROCK ISLAND CHANGES. Superintendents and General M

gers of Division Given More

Chicago, Ill., July II.- The Rock Island System announced to-day that the general managers, general superintendents and division superintendents will have charge of the maintenance of the property hereafter, whereas they formerly had charge of the operation of trains only.

In connection with the changes the following appointments have been made:

H. F. White, to be engineer of maintenance for the central and northern districts, Chicago; J. G. Bloom, to be engineer of maintenance for the Southwestern and Choctaw districts, with headquarters at Topein; W. D. Tinsman, to be general superintendent at Little Rock, and C. H. Hubbell, to be general superintendent at Davenport, Ia. the maintenance of the property hereaf

ent at Davenport, Ia. Here on Wedding Trip. Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Helburn, who registered at the Planters Hotel yester MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN VESSELS.

New York, July II.—Arrived: Priederich der leuten was Miss Cecile Sachs of Louisville, Ky., and the wedding, which took place there Monday, was a society event.

ROUND TRIP TO

Return Limit Oct. 31.

Tieket Offices: Cor. BROADWAY and OLIVE and UNION STATION